

# National 5 Maths

## Vector Components

SQA past paper and specimen paper  
questions and answers by topic

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Find the resultant vector  $2\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$  when  $\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Express your answer in component form.

2

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Answer:

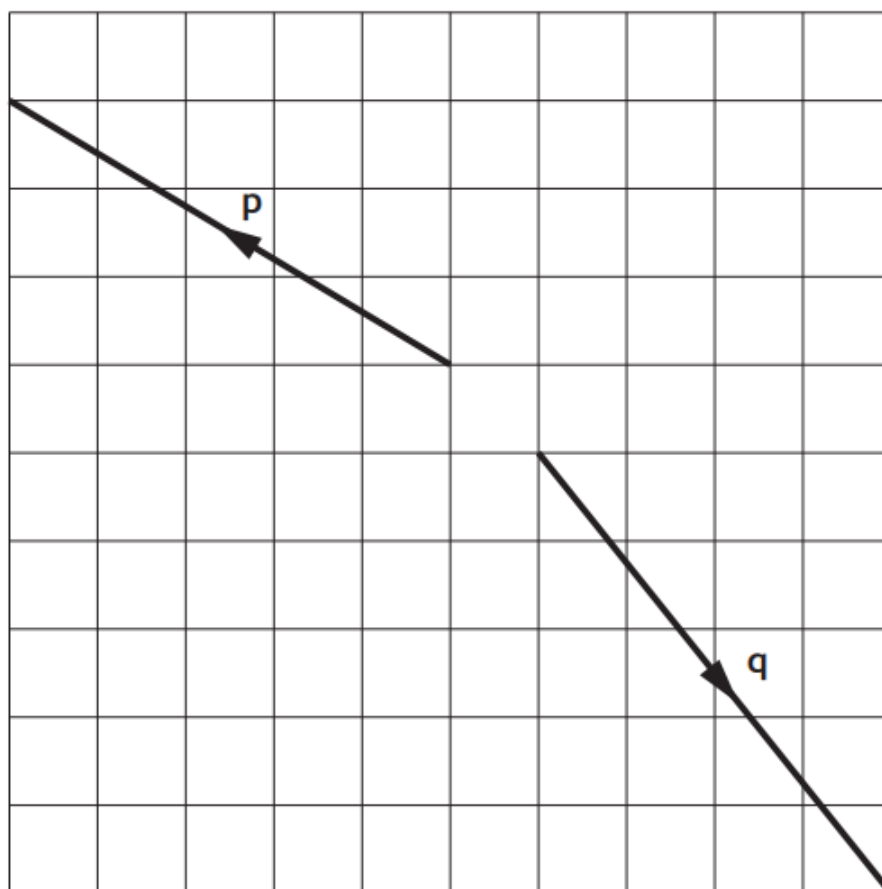
$$\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 10 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

National 5 Maths  
SQA 2015 Paper 2  
Question 5

The vectors  $\mathbf{p}$  and  $\mathbf{q}$  are shown in the diagram below.

Find the resultant vector  $\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$ .

Express your answer in component form.



2

Answer:

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

National 5 Maths  
SQA 2016 Paper 1  
Question 1

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Given  $\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Find the resultant vector  $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$ .

Express your answer in component form.

2

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Answer:

$$\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

National 5 Maths  
SQA 2018 Paper 1  
Question 4

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Two vectors are given by  $\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Find vector  $\mathbf{v}$ .

Express your answer in component form.

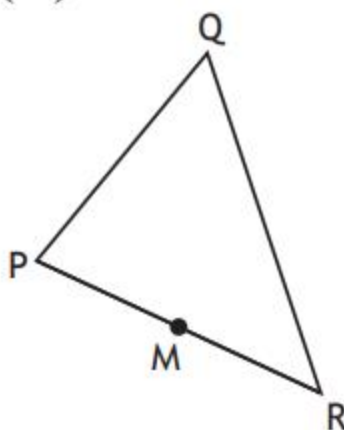
2

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Answer:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -9 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

In triangle PQR,  $\vec{PR} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $\vec{RQ} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ .



(a) Express  $\vec{PQ}$  in component form.

1

M is the midpoint of PR.

(b) Express  $\vec{MQ}$  in component form.

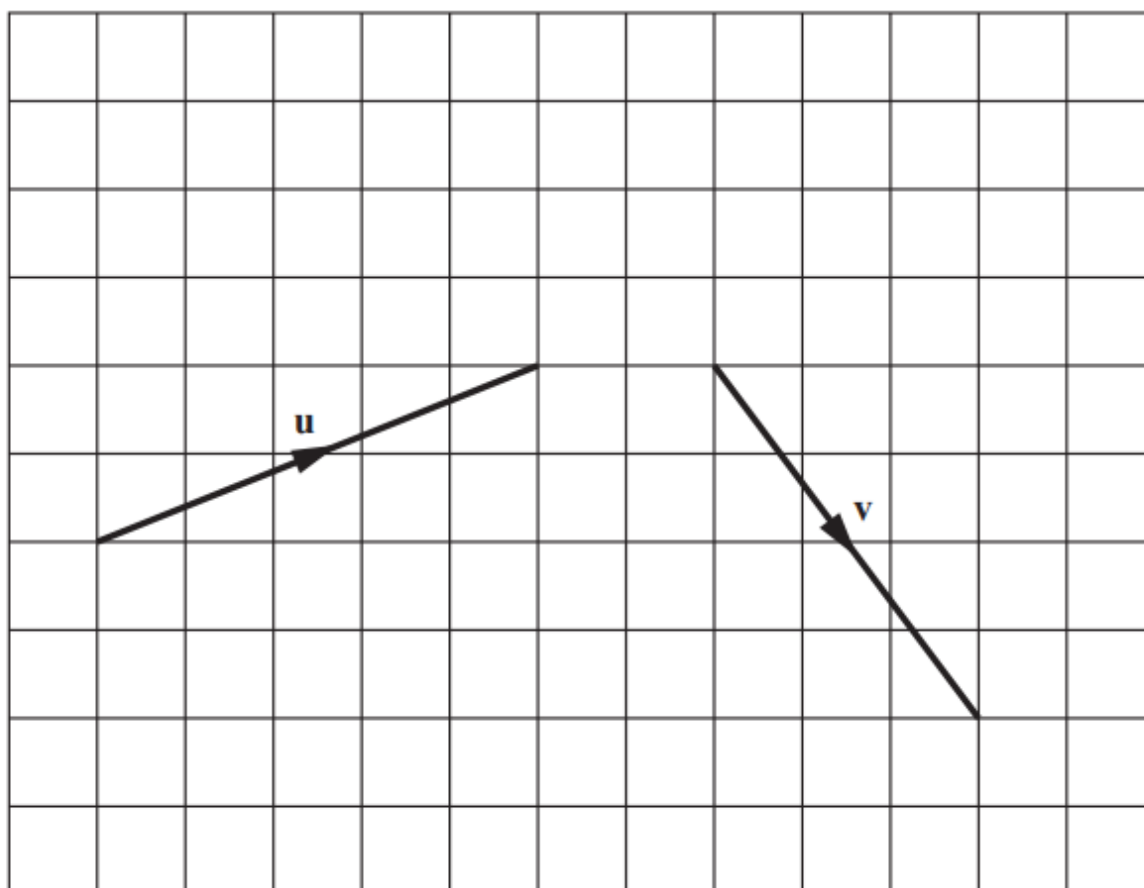
2

Answers:

(a)  $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

(b)  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$

The vectors  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$  are shown in the diagram below.



Find the resultant vector  $\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v}$ .

Express your answer in component form.

2

Answer:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$