

SCIENTIFIC NOTATION (Standard Form)

1. Write in scientific notation:

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|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| (a) 12 800 | (b) 340 000 000 | (c) 53 000 | (d) 418 200 |
| (e) 340 million | (f) 670 000 000 000 | (g) 12.8 million | (h) 710 300 000 |
| (i) 0.004 68 | (j) 0.000 063 | (k) 0.000 000 000 5 | (l) 0.000 528 |
| (m) 0.000 007 91 | (n) 0.352 | (o) 0.000 063 | (p) 0.000 000 302 |
| (q) 700×10^3 | (r) 400×10^{-8} | (s) 61.7×10^{12} | (t) 15×10^{-3} |
| (u) 0.7×10^5 | (v) 0.003×10^{-4} | (w) 0.126×10^9 | (x) 0.075×10^{-7} |

2. Write as a normal number:

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| (a) 7×10^5 | (b) 3×10^4 | (c) 4.3×10^5 | (d) 5.2×10^1 |
| (e) 3.45×10^3 | (f) 5.24×10^7 | (g) 9.32×10^2 | (h) 6.125×10^5 |
| (i) 4×10^{-5} | (j) 9×10^{-1} | (k) 3.4×10^{-3} | (l) 6.2×10^{-1} |
| (m) 5.4×10^{-6} | (n) 7.26×10^{-4} | (o) 8.62×10^{-5} | (p) 4.31×10^{-3} |

All of the following questions will require a calculator. Write answers both before and after rounding. Write your answers in **scientific notation** and correct to **3 significant figures**.

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|--|--|---|--|
| 3. (a) $(3.12 \times 10^{12}) \times (4.65 \times 10^6)$ | (b) $(4.7 \times 10^7) \times (2.16 \times 10^{15})$ | | |
| (c) $(5.6 \times 10^8) \times (3.17 \times 10^{-4})$ | (d) $(6.3 \times 10^{-14}) \times (5.25 \times 10^9)$ | | |
| (e) $(2.86 \times 10^{-5}) \times (3.4 \times 10^{-9})$ | (f) $(8.72 \times 10^{-15}) \times (1.265 \times 10^{-6})$ | | |
| (g) $(7.2 \times 10^{19}) \div (5.7 \times 10^6)$ | (h) $(2.63 \times 10^9) \div (1.9 \times 10^{15})$ | | |
| (i) $\frac{9.15 \times 10^9}{4.26 \times 10^{-4}}$ | (j) $\frac{8.5 \times 10^{-8}}{3.76 \times 10^{14}}$ | (k) $\frac{6.4 \times 10^{-12}}{8.26 \times 10^{-5}}$ | (l) $\frac{5.18 \times 10^{-6}}{7.25 \times 10^{-15}}$ |

4. If $A = 4.25 \times 10^3$, $B = 8.4 \times 10^9$ and $C = 1.05 \times 10^{-6}$, evaluate:

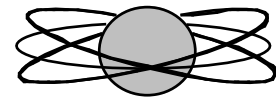
- | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) AB | (b) BC | (c) A^2 | (d) C^2 |
| (e) B^2C | (f) $(BC)^2$ | (g) $\frac{B}{C}$ | (h) $\frac{C}{A}$ |
| (i) $\frac{A^2}{B}$ | (j) $\frac{B}{AC}$ | (k) $\frac{A}{C} + B$ | (l) $\frac{A}{B} + C$ |

5. One **milligram** of hydrogen gas contains $2 \cdot 987 \times 10^{20}$ molecules.
 Calculate: (a) the number of molecules in 1.2 **grams** of hydrogen gas.
 (b) the mass, in milligrams, of one molecule of hydrogen.
6. The density of hydrogen at 0°C is $8 \cdot 987 \times 10^{-5}$ grams for every **cubic centimetre**.
 Calculate: (a) the mass of 3 **litres** of hydrogen.
 (b) the volume, in cubic centimetres, of 6 grams of hydrogen.
7. There are $6 \cdot 022 \times 10^{23}$ atoms in 22.4 **litres** of helium gas.
 This amount of gas has a mass of 4.003 grams.
 Calculate: (a) the number of atoms in 1 **millilitre** of helium gas.
 (b) the mass, in grams, of one atom of helium.
8. There are 1650 763.73 wavelengths of orange Krypton light in one metre.
 So there are $1 \cdot 65076373 \times 10^6$ wavelengths in 1 **metre**.
 Calculate: (a) the number of wavelengths in 80 **centimetres**.
 (b) the length in **centimetres** of 1 wavelength.
9. The second is defined as the duration of 9 192 631 770 periods of the radiation of the caesium atom.
 So there are $9 \cdot 192631770 \times 10^9$ periods in 1 **second**.
 Calculate: (a) the number of periods in 2 **minutes**.
 (b) the time in seconds for 1 period.
10. The surface area of a sphere, radius r , is given by the formula $A = 4\pi r^2$.
 The Moon is roughly spherical in shape.
 The radius of the Moon is $1 \cdot 738 \times 10^3$ kilometres.
 Calculate the surface area of the Moon in square kilometres.

Questions 11 and 12 involve calculating the volume of a sphere.

The volume of a sphere, radius r , is given by the formula $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.

11. Gases such as helium contain atoms roughly spherical in shape.
 The radius of an atom of helium is $1 \cdot 28 \times 10^{-8}$ centimetres.



Calculate the volume, in cubic centimetres, of one helium atom.

12. The Sun is spherical in shape.
 The radius of the Sun is $6 \cdot 960 \times 10^5$ kilometres.
 (a) Calculate the volume of the Sun in cubic kilometres.

The average density of the Sun is $1 \cdot 409 \times 10^9$ tonnes for every cubic kilometre.

(b) Calculate the mass of the Sun in tonnes.

ANSWERS

1. (a) 1.28×10^4 (b) 3.4×10^8 (c) 5.3×10^4 (d) 4.182×10^5
 (e) 3.4×10^8 (f) 6.7×10^{11} (g) 1.28×10^7 (h) 7.103×10^8
 (i) 4.68×10^{-3} (j) 6.3×10^{-5} (k) 5×10^{-10} (l) 5.28×10^{-4}
 (m) 7.91×10^{-6} (n) 3.52×10^{-1} (o) 6.3×10^{-5} (p) 3.02×10^{-7}
 (q) 7×10^5 (r) 4×10^{-6} (s) 6.17×10^{13} (t) 1.5×10^{-2}
 (u) 7×10^4 (v) 3×10^{-7} (w) 1.26×10^8 (x) 7.5×10^{-9}
2. (a) 700 000 (b) 30 000 (c) 430 000 (d) 52
 (e) 3450 (f) 52 400 000 (g) 932 (h) 612 500
 (i) 0.000 04 (j) 0.9 (k) 0.003 4 (l) 0.62
 (m) 0.000 005 4 (n) 0.000 726 (o) 0.000 086 2 (p) 0.004 31
3. (a) $1.4508 \times 10^{19} = 1.45 \times 10^{19}$ (b) $1.0152 \times 10^{23} = 1.02 \times 10^{23}$
 (c) $1.7752 \times 10^5 = 1.78 \times 10^5$ (d) $3.3075 \times 10^{-4} = 3.31 \times 10^{-4}$
 (e) $9.724 \times 10^{-14} = 9.72 \times 10^{-14}$ (f) $1.10308 \times 10^{-20} = 1.10 \times 10^{-20}$
 (g) $1.2631 \dots \times 10^{13} = 1.26 \times 10^{13}$ (h) $1.3842 \dots \times 10^{-6} = 1.38 \times 10^{-6}$
 (i) $2.1478 \dots \times 10^{13} = 2.15 \times 10^{13}$ (j) $2.2606 \dots \times 10^{-22} = 2.26 \times 10^{-22}$
 (k) $7.7481 \dots \times 10^{-8} = 7.75 \times 10^{-8}$ (l) $7.1448 \dots \times 10^8 = 7.14 \times 10^8$
4. (a) 3.57×10^{13} (b) 8.82×10^3
 (c) $1.80625 \times 10^7 = 1.81 \times 10^7$ (d) $1.1025 \times 10^{-12} = 1.10 \times 10^{-12}$
 (e) $7.4088 \times 10^{13} = 7.41 \times 10^{13}$ (f) $7.77924 \times 10^7 = 7.78 \times 10^7$
 (g) 8.00×10^{15} (h) $2.4705 \dots \times 10^{-10} = 2.47 \times 10^{-10}$
 (i) $2.5598 \dots \times 10^{-13} = 2.56 \times 10^{-13}$ (j) $1.8823 \dots \times 10^{12} = 1.88 \times 10^{12}$
 (k) $1.2447 \dots \times 10^{10} = 1.24 \times 10^{10}$ (l) $1.5559 \dots \times 10^{-6} = 1.56 \times 10^{-6}$
5. (a) $3.5844 \times 10^{23} = 3.58 \times 10^{23}$ molecules (b) $3.3478 \dots \times 10^{-21} = 3.35 \times 10^{-21}$ milligrams
6. (a) $2.6961 \dots \times 10^{-1} = 2.70 \times 10^{-1}$ grams (b) $6.6763 \dots \times 10^4 = 6.68 \times 10^4$ cm³
7. (a) $2.6883 \dots \times 10^{19} = 2.69 \times 10^{19}$ atoms (b) $6.6472 \dots \times 10^{-24} = 6.65 \times 10^{-24}$ grams
8. (a) $1.3206 \dots \times 10^6 = 1.32 \times 10^6$ (b) $6.0578 \dots \times 10^{-5} = 6.06 \times 10^{-5}$ metres
9. (a) $1.1031 \dots \times 10^{12} = 1.10 \times 10^{12}$ (b) $1.0878 \dots \times 10^{-10} = 1.09 \times 10^{-10}$ seconds
10. $3.7958 \dots \times 10^7 = 3.80 \times 10^7$ km²
11. $8.7845 \dots \times 10^{-24} = 8.78 \times 10^{-24}$ cm³
12. (a) $1.4122 \dots \times 10^{18} = 1.41 \times 10^{18}$ km³ (b) $1.9898 \dots \times 10^{27} = 1.99 \times 10^{27}$ tonnes